



ORAL PRESENTATION

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Biochemical and immunological characterisation of Act d 10 a lipid transfer proteins from green kiwifruit

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From Food Allergy and Anaphylaxis Meeting 2011
Venice, Italy. 17-19 February 2011

Aims

The aim of this study was to assess the presence of a Lipid Transfer Proteins (LTP) in green kiwifruit (*Actinidia deliciosa*) and to evaluate the allergenic activity of the newly identified protein.

Methods

Pulp and seeds of green kiwifruit were manually separated and homogenized. Act d 10 was purified from seed extracts by ion exchange chromatography and RP-HPLC, and sequenced by an automatic amino acid sequencer. Act d 10 was evaluated in vivo by skin prick test (SPT) and in vitro by detecting IgE using streptavidin-conjugated CAP (Phadia, Sweden). Act d 10 was spotted on a customized ISAC microarray (PMD, Austria) for evaluating IgE prevalence in a larger cohort of allergic patients.

Results

The purification procedure allowed to obtain about 0.4 mg of natural Act d 10 from 1 g of kiwifruit seeds. The primary structure comprises 92 amino acids with a molecular mass of 9,458 Da. Homology by BLAST search in Uniprot database showed Act d 10 displaying the higher identity (56%) with an isoform of Ara h 9. Act d 10 shares 47% of overall sequence identity with Pru p 3. However, higher levels of residue conservation are detected in some regions. Seven patients selected with clinical history of kiwifruit allergy and specific IgE to Pru p 3 were positive to Act d 10 by SPT; the same

patients had specific IgE to Act d 10 as detected by the CAP system. 804 randomly selected allergic patients were tested for IgE to Act d 10 and 170 of them (21.14%) were detected positive; 152 of these 170 patients (89.41%) had IgE to Pru p 3.

Conclusions

Act d 10 is a new LTP isolated from *Actinidia deliciosa*, contained in significant amounts in the green kiwi seed. The sequence identity between Act d 10 and other already known allergenic LTPs is not very high, however the significant conservation of some epitope regions suggested potential IgE cross-reactivities. The IgE binding activity of sera from clinically allergic patients has been shown by SPT and direct IgE detection on two different systems. IgE co-recognition of kiwi LTPs and other known LTPs seems to be dependent on the epitope distribution on the different allergens.

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Published: 12 August 2011

doi:10.1186/2045-7022-1-S1-O23

Cite this article as: Bernardi *et al.*: Biochemical and immunological characterisation of Act d 10 a lipid transfer proteins from green kiwifruit. *Clinical and Translational Allergy* 2011 **1**(Suppl 1):O23.

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