POSTER PRESENTATION





P53 - Smoking during pregnancy and asthma's manifestation in childhood

Paraskevi Maggina^{1*}, Foteini Dareiotaki², Theodora Syriopoulou³, Eleni Fourlani⁴, Anastasios Koukouletsos⁵, Ioanna Argyri³, Aphroditi Kourti³, Vaios Katsaros³

From 3rd Pediatric Allergy and Asthma Meeting (PAAM) Athens, Greece. 17-19 October 2013

Introduction

Mother's smoking during pregnancy has negative consequences in fetus respiratory system's development and asthma's manifestation later in children's life as well.

Material

Recording the influence of mother's smoking during pregnancy to the frequency of asthma's manifestation in children.

Methods

The study was performed at Pediatric Emergency Room and concerns the last two years (statistical analysis was done using the statistical package IBM SPSS Statistics v 19).

Results

Presented in the following table.

Conclusions

Smoking during pregnancy is asthma's predisposing factor at all ages. Mothers who smoked during pregnancy were three times more likely to acquire children suffering from asthma than those who did not smoke.

Table 1

Smoking	Asthma		
	No	Yes	Total
No	210 (90.1%)	23(9.9%)	233 (100%)
Yes	25 (67.6%)	12 (32.4%)	37 (100%)
Total	235 (87%)	35(13%0	270(100%)

¹2nd Pediatric Unit, University of Athens, Athens, Greece

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article



¹2nd Pediatric Unit, University of Athens, Athens, Greece. ²Intensive Care Unit, General Hospital of Kalamata, Kalamata, Greece. ³Pediatric Unit, General Hospital of Kalamata, Kalamata, Greece. ⁴Pediatric Unit, Children's Hospital, Athens, Greece. ⁵Scientific Associate, General Hospital of Kalamata, Kalamata, Greece.

Published: 28 February 2014

doi:10.1186/2045-7022-4-S1-P108 Cite this article as: Maggina *et al.*: P53 - Smoking during pregnancy and asthma's manifestation in childhood. *Clinical and Translational Allergy* 2014 4(Suppl 1):P108.

Submit your next manuscript to BioMed Central and take full advantage of:

- Convenient online submission
- Thorough peer review
- No space constraints or color figure charges
- Immediate publication on acceptance
- Inclusion in PubMed, CAS, Scopus and Google Scholar
- Research which is freely available for redistribution

) BioMed Central

Submit your manuscript at www.biomedcentral.com/submit



© 2014 Maggina et al; licensee BioMed Central Ltd. This is an Open Access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/2.0), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited. The Creative Commons Public Domain Dedication waiver (http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/) applies to the data made available in this article, unless otherwise stated.